FINANCIAL REPORT AUDITED

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK

For the Year Ended 12/31/2020

Audited for:

Town Board

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK



Audited By:

RBT CPAs, LLP 11 Racquet Road Newburgh, New York 12550 (845) 567-9000

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK

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LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Town Board Town of Newburgh 1496 Route 300 Newburgh, New York 12550

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newburgh, New York (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

rbtcpas.com

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newburgh, New York as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note XIV to the financial statements, the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), has created economic uncertainty.

The Town has implemented GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities* for the year ended December 31, 2020. This implementation required that the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position be presented along with the Statement of Net Position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparisons, and schedules of changes in the Town's net OPEB liability and related ratios, contributions and assumptions, proportionate share of the net pension liability and related ratios, and employer contributions on pages 3 through 9 and 44 through 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Town of Newburgh, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of indebtedness and combining information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying schedules of indebtedness and combining information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, dated June 30, 2021, on our consideration of the Town of Newburgh's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Newburgh's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RBT CPAS, LLP

Newburgh, New York June 30, 2021

Introduction

As management of the Town of Newburgh, New York (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2020. This should be read in conjunction with the *Independent Auditor's Report* at the front of this report, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for 2020 contains comparisons to the year end 2019 financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities of the Town exceeded its assets at the close of the 2020 year by \$50,776,512. The unrestricted portion, which is available to meet ongoing obligations of the Town, reflects a balance of (\$83,611,086), a decrease of \$4,679,327 from the prior year.
- As of the close of the current calendar year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$38,455,658 representing an increase of \$1,721,502 from the prior year. The total fund balance that is unassigned and available for spending at the Town's discretion is \$7,448,212 in the General Fund. The remaining balance of \$4,300,313 is nonspendable, restricted or assigned.
- At the end of the current calendar year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$11,748,525, an increase of \$112,977 from prior year.
- At the end of the current calendar year, the total fund balance for the Highway Fund was \$3,302,743, an increase of \$1,168,011 from the prior year.
- During 2020 the Town adopted the 2021 budget within the Two Percent Cap limit for the Real Property Tax Levy Growth Factor.

Reflected in the Government-Wide financial statements for the calendar year ended December 31, 2020, is the recording of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68. This pronouncement requires municipalities that provide pensions through the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") to report pension expense and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the net pension liability. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town reported a liability of \$4,923,752 and \$7,196,209 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS, respectively. More detailed information is available in the notes to the financial statements.

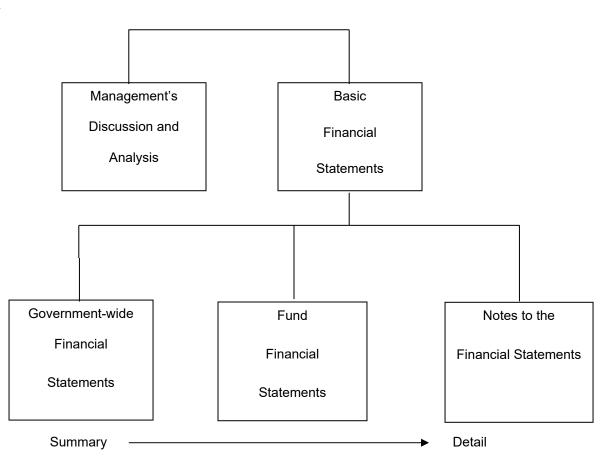
The liability for other post-employment benefits, or OPEB, reflects the net present value of continuing health insurance coverage to town employees who retire from the Town. The Town's collective OPEB obligation is significantly larger because, in contrast to pension benefits, retiree health care is not allowed to be prefunded with deposits into large investment pools but is covered as a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The Town reported a liability of \$130,516,963 for Other Post-Employment Benefits at December 31, 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Newburgh's basic financial statements. The Town of Newburgh's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town of Newburgh's financial position through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. Each view will be explained in more detail following this narrative. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplementary information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Newburgh, New York.

Required Components of the Town's Basic Financial Statements

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town of Newburgh's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town of Newburgh's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements, they include: 1) the governmental and fiduciary fund statements and 2) reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town of Newburgh's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town of Newburgh's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town of Newburgh's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town of Newburgh's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town of Newburgh's financial condition.

The governmental activities include most of the Town of Newburgh's basic services such as public safety, road maintenance and administration. Property taxes, sales tax, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town of Newburgh's most significant activities. A fund is a group of self-balancing accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Newburgh, like all other governmental entities in New York, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance with finance-related legal requirements, such as New York State general municipal law and local finance law or the Town of Newburgh's budget regulations. All of the funds of the Town of Newburgh are classified in one of two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Town of Newburgh's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town of Newburgh's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in reconciliations that are a part of the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – The Town of Newburgh acts in a custodial capacity for assets that are ultimately transferred to others, such as unclaimed bail. These funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the Town of Newburgh cannot use these assets to finance operations.

Budgetary Highlights

The Town of Newburgh adopts an annual budget for certain funds as required by municipal law. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens and management of the Town of Newburgh, and the decisions of the Town Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town of Newburgh to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary comparison demonstrates how well the Town of Newburgh complied with the final budget and whether or not the Town of Newburgh succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison schedule uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language and classifications as the legal budget document. The schedule shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Town Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Town Board; 3) the actual revenues, expenditures and ending balances; and 4) the variance between the final budget and actual revenues and expenditures. The schedule is presented as required supplementary information

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements

		2020		2019	\$ Change	% Change
Current Assets	¢		\$			17.50%
	\$	45,231,665	Ф	38,493,936	÷ ;;;;;;;=;	
Capital Assets		43,739,352		41,825,176	1,914,176	4.58%
Total Assets		88,971,017		80,319,112	8,651,905	10.77%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		35,153,338		8,727,077	26,426,261	302.81%
Current Liabilities		5,069,195		3,024,253	2,044,942	67.62%
Long-Term Liabilities		161,026,693		124,942,898	36,083,795	28.88%
Total Liabilities		166,095,888		127,967,151	38,128,737	29.80%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,804,979		11,982,979	(3,178,000)	-26.52%
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		26,171,905		22,576,207	3,595,698	15.93%
Restricted		6,662,669		5,451,611	1,211,058	22.21%
Unrestricted		(83,611,086)		(78,931,759)	(4,679,327)	-5.93%
Total Net Position	\$	(50,776,512)	\$	(50,903,941)	\$ 127,429	0.25%

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2020	%	2019	%	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 8,637,317	22.25%	\$ 8,416,024	21.58%	\$ 221,293	2.63%
Operating and Capital Grants	1,731,163	4.46%	1,047,301	2.69%	683,862	65.30%
General Revenues:						
Real Property Taxes	16,292,842	41.96%	16,014,965	41.07%	277,877	1.74%
Real Property Taxes-Water Utilities	3,143,261	8.10%	3,231,261	8.29%	(88,000)	-2.72%
Real Property Tax Items	1,144,521	2.95%	1,064,001	2.73%	80,520	7.57%
Non Property Taxes	405,355	1.04%	413,884	1.06%	(8,529)	-2.06%
Tax Revenue Sharing	5,773,003	14.87%	6,268,430	16.08%	(495,427)	-7.90%
Use of Money and Property	281,704	0.73%	571,674	1.47%	(289,970)	-50.72%
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	101,592	0.26%	423,242	1.09%	(321,650)	-76.00%
Miscellaneous	721,319	1.86%	1,026,933	2.63%	(305,614)	-29.76%
Interfund Revenue	482,591	1.24%	400,959	1.03%	81,632	20.36%
State and Federal Aid	108,589	0.28%	108,589	0.28%	-	0.00%
Total Revenues	38,823,257	100.00%	38,987,263	100.00%	(164,006)	-0.42%
Expenses:						
General Government	7,744,577	18.77%	5,812,941	16.86%	1,931,636	33.23%
Education	1,737	0.00%	1,828	0.01%	(91)	100.00%
Public Safety	17,238,395	41.74%	13,260,617	38.46%	3,977,778	30.00%
Public Health	9,956	0.02%	7,412	0.02%	2,544	34.32%
Transportation	6,291,105	15.24%	6,228,937	18.07%	62,168	1.00%
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	70,462	0.17%	122,379	0.36%	(51,917)	-42.42%
Culture and Recreation	1,233,759	2.99%	1,198,244	3.48%	35,515	2.96%
Home and Community Services	8,201,890	19.86%	7,331,985	21.27%	869,905	11.86%
Debt Service	498,827	1.21%	506,349	1.47%	(7,522)	-1.49%
Total Expenses	41,290,708	100.00%	34,470,692	100.00%	6,820,016	19.78%
Change in Net Position	\$ (2,467,451)		\$ 4,516,571		\$ (6,984,022)	-154.63%

Governmental Funds

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2020, revenues from governmental funds totaled \$38,456,396, a decrease of \$489,900. The largest revenue was real property taxes of \$19,436,103, or 50% of the total.

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2020, expenditures from governmental funds totaled \$36,734,894, an increase of \$198,077, or less than 1%.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the calendar year, the Town revised the General Fund budget. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

As discussed, the Town's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial statements. The total fund balances allocated between non-spendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of the funds are detailed on the following page for December 31, 2020 and 2019.

			December 31, 202	20	
	Non- S pendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Totals
General	\$ 703,954	\$ 276,359	\$ 3,320,000	\$ 7,448,212	\$ 11,748,525
Highway	144,387	78,329	3,080,027	-	3,302,743
Water	55,881	430,912	7,831,937	-	8,318,730
Sewer	31,582	2,107,154	4,851,186	(108,128)	6,881,794
Capital Projects	-	1,189,923	3,927,766	-	5,117,689
Non-Major Funds	-	2,279,992	806,185	-	3,086,177
	\$ 935,804	\$ 6,362,669	\$ 23,817,101	\$ 7,340,084	\$ 38,455,658
			December 31, 201	9	
	Non-	Restricted	Assisted	Unagaianad	Totals
General	Spendable \$ 606.314		Assigned \$ 3,160,000	Unassigned \$ 7,406,924	
	\$ 000,011	\$ 200,002	+ -,,,	\$ 7,406,924	. , ,
Highway	155,632	77,896	1,901,204	-	2,134,732
Water	57,079	428,527	6,915,624	-	7,401,230
Sewer	29,191	2,095,493	4,809,178	(57,263)	6,876,599
Capital Projects	-	2,584,643	3,192,695	-	5,777,338
Non-Major Funds			511,087		511,087
	\$ 848,216	\$ 5,451,611	\$ 20,489,788	\$ 7,349,661	\$ 34,139,276

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020 totaled \$43,739,352 (net of accumulated depreciation of \$129,027,062). These assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, computer equipment, furniture and fixtures, machinery and equipment, miscellaneous structures, roads and infrastructure and vehicles.

CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Land	\$ 4,565,893	\$ 4,179,793
Construction-in-Progress	29,831,199	28,628,883
Buildings	2,357,218	1,778,338
Roads and Infrastructure	4,500,406	4,971,900
Vehicle and Equipment	 2,484,636	 2,266,262
	\$ 43,739,352	\$ 41,825,176

Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2020, the Town of Newburgh had total bonded debt outstanding of \$17,867,447, which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. This is a decrease of \$1,538,525, or 7.9% during the 2020 year.

For more detailed information on capital assets and long-term debt, see the notes to the basic financial statements.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Gil Piaquadio, Town Supervisor, 1496 Route 300, Newburgh, NY 12550.

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Grant Receivable Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Primary Government Governmental Activities \$ 39,232,253 300,000 4,687,959 75,649 935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352 88,971,017
Cash and Cash Equivalents Grant Receivable Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V)	\$ 39,232,253 300,000 4,687,959 75,649 935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Cash and Cash Equivalents Grant Receivable Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V)	300,000 4,687,959 75,649 935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Grant Receivable Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	300,000 4,687,959 75,649 935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Accounts Receivable Due From Other Governments Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	4,687,959 75,649 935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Due From Other Governments Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	75,649 935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Prepaid Expenses	935,804 45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	45,231,665 34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	34,397,092 9,342,260 43,739,352
Capital Assets, being depreciated, net Total Capital Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	9,342,260 43,739,352
Total Assets, net (Note V) Total Assets	43,739,352
Total Assets	
-	88,971,017
DEEEDDED OUTELOWS OF DESOUDCES	
DEFENSED ULTERATIVA UF NEAUDINE EA	
Other Postemployment Benefits (Note VII)	26,209,400
Pensions (Note VI)	8,943,938
Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources	35,153,338
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	124,124,355
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,636,665
Accrued Liabilities	3,276,772
Unearned Income	155,758
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due and Payable Within One Year:	
Installment Purchase Debt Payable (Note IX)	45,474
Bonds Payable (Note IX)	1,424,150
Due and Payable More Than One Year:	
Installment Purchase Debt Payable (Note IX)	72,422
Bonds Payable (Note IX)	16,325,401
Compensated Absences (Note IX)	522,322
Net Pension Liability-ERS (Note VI)	4,923,752
Net Pension Liability-PFRS (Note VI)	7,196,209
Other Postemployment Benefits (Note VII)	130,516,963
Total Liabilities	166,095,888
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions (Note VI)	407,112
Other Postemployment Benefits (Note VII)	8,397,867
Total Deferred Inflows Of Resources	8,804,979
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	174,900,867
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,171,905
Restricted	6,662,669
Unrestricted	(83,611,086)
=	\$ (50,776,512)

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			P	rogra	m Revenue	s			
					Operating		Capital		
		(Charges for		rants and		ants and	G	overnmental
	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Cor	tributions		Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS									
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$ (7,744,577)	\$	212,404	\$	199,230	\$	-	\$	(7,332,943)
Education	(1,737)		-		-		-		(1,737)
Public Safety	(17,238,395)		594,092		133,217		-		(16,511,086)
Public Health	(9,956)		11,590		-		-		1,634
Transportation	(6,291,105)		4,216		351,111		-		(5,935,778)
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	(70,462)		-		34,712		-		(35,750)
Culture and Recreation	(1,233,759)		241,627		700,000		-		(292,132)
Home and Community Services	(8,201,890)		7,573,388		312,893		-		(315,609)
Interest Expense	(498,827)		-		-		-		(498,827)
Total Primary Government	\$(41,290,708)	\$	8,637,317	\$	1,731,163	\$	-		(30,922,228)
General Revenues:									
Real Property Taxes									16,292,842
Real Property Taxes-Water Utilities									3,143,261
Real Property Tax Items									1,144,521
Non-Property Taxes									405,355
Tax Revenue Sharing									5,773,003
Use of Money and Property									281,704
Sale of Property and Compensation for	Loss								101,592
Miscellaneous									721,319
Intergovernmental Charges									482,591
State and Federal Aid									108,589
Total General Revenues									28,454,777
Change in Net Position									(2,467,451)
Net Position - Beginning									(50,903,941)
Cumulative Effect and Prior Period Adjust	ments (Note X	N)							2,594,880
Net Position - Beginning, as restated		.)							(48,309,061)
Net Position - Ending								\$	(50,776,512)
C									<u>, , , , ,</u>

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK **BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020**

DECEMBER 31, 2020	General	Highway	Water	Sewer	Car	Capital Projects		Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,412,134	\$ 3,209,857	\$ 7,486,943	\$ 4,370,566	\$	5,444,692	\$	835,314	\$	34,759,506
Restricted Cash	276,359	78,330	430,912	2,107,154		-		1,579,992		4,472,747
Grant Receivable	300,000	-	-	-		-		-		300,000
Receivables, Net	1,583,040	1,166	857,014	712,391		-		-		3,153,611
Due from Other Funds (Note IV)	-	-	-	251,000		-		702,000		953,000
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	-		75,649		-		75,649
Prepaid Expenses	703,954	144,387	55,881	31,582		-		-		935,804
Total Assets	\$ 16,275,487	\$ 3,433,740	\$ 8,830,750	\$ 7,472,693	\$	5,520,341	\$	3,117,306	\$	44,650,317
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$ 348,015	\$ 107,669	\$ 504,162	\$ 337,442	\$	321,164	\$	18,213	\$	1,636,665
Accrued Liabilities	3,023,189	23,328	7,858	2,457		81,488		10,916		3,149,236
Due to Other Funds (Note IV)	700,000	-	-	251,000		-		2,000		953,000
Unearned Income	455,758	-	-	-		-		-		455,758
Total Liabilities	4,526,962	130,997	512,020	590,899		402,652		31,129		6,194,659
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	703,954	144,387	55,881	31,582		-		_		935,804
Fund Balance - Restricted) ·		-)						,
Reserves	276,359	78,329	430,912	2,107,154		1,189,923		2,279,992		6,362,669
Fund Balance - Assigned	,	,	,	, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
Assigned for Subsequent Year's Budget	3,320,000	1,120,000	1,329,067	715,815		-		14,192		6,499,074
Assigned for Fund Purposes	-	1,960,027	6,502,870	4,135,371		3,927,766		791,993		17,318,027
Fund Balance - Unassigned	7,448,212	-	-	(108,128)		-		-		7,340,084
Total Fund Balances	11,748,525	3,302,743	8,318,730	6,881,794		5,117,689		3,086,177		38,455,658
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,275,487	\$ 3,433,740	\$ 8,830,750	\$ 7,472,693	\$	5,520,341	\$	3,117,306	\$	44,650,317

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF THE TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS	Total Governmental L Funds		Long-Term Assets and Liabilities		lassifications Eliminations	Statement of Net Position Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	34,759,506	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 34,759,506
Restricted Cash		4,472,747	-		-	4,472,747
Grant Receivable		300,000	-		-	300,000
Receivables, Net		3,153,611	1,534,348		-	4,687,959
Due From Other Funds		953,000	-		(953,000)	-
Due From Other Governments		75,649	-		-	75,649
Prepaid Expenses		935,804	-		-	935,804
Capital Assets, Net		-	43,739,352		-	43,739,352
Total Assets		44,650,317	45,273,700		(953,000)	88,971,017
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB		-	26,209,400		-	26,209,400
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension		-	8,943,938		-	8,943,938
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	44,650,317	\$ 80,427,038	\$	(953,000)	\$ 124,124,355
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,636,665	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,636,665
Accrued Expenditures/Expenses		3,149,236	127,536		-	3,276,772
Unearned Income		455,758	(300,000)		-	155,758
Due to Other Funds		953,000	-		(953,000)	-
Compensated Absences Payable		-	522,322		-	522,322
Installment Notes Payable		-	117,896		-	117,896
Bonds Payable		-	17,749,551		-	17,749,551
ERS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		-	4,923,752		-	4,923,752
PFRS Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		-	7,196,209		-	7,196,209
Other Postemployment Benefits		-	130,516,963		-	130,516,963
Total Liabilities		6,194,659	160,854,229		(953,000)	166,095,888
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB		-	8,397,867		-	8,397,867
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension		-	407,112		-	407,112
Total Fund Balances		38,455,658	 (89,232,170)		-	 (50,776,512)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	44,650,317	\$ 80,427,038	\$	(953,000)	\$ 124,124,355

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 51, 2020		General		Highway			Capital Projects		lon-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds			
Revenues:	٩	10 207 100	¢		¢	2 1 42 2 (1	¢				¢	200 (54	٩	10 40 (100
Real Property Taxes	\$	10,207,109	\$	5,805,079	\$	3,143,261	\$		\$	-	\$	280,654	\$	19,436,103
Real Property Tax Items		435,359		222,255		72,013		414,859		-		35		1,144,521
Non-Property Tax Items		5,242,515		-		-		-		-		-		5,242,515
Departmental Income		830,382		-		4,128,207		2,501,235		-		12,000		7,471,824
Use of Money and Property		62,594		21,160		143,616		27,621		15,373		11,340		281,704
Licenses and Permits		589,779		1,050		1,390		-		-		-		592,219
Fines and Forfeitures		437,818		-		-		-		-		-		437,818
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		69,575		18,519		6,592		6,906		-		-		101,592
Miscellaneous		364,878		3,166		65,431		165,028		-		700,000		1,298,503
Intergovernmental Charges		307,221		-		175,370		-		-		-		482,591
State and Federal Aid		1,303,002		344,082		-		-		319,922		-		1,967,006
Total Revenues		19,850,232		6,415,311		7,735,880		3,115,649		335,295		1,004,029		38,456,396
Expenditures:														
General Government		3,960,782		285,599		294,721		43,562		-		-		4,584,664
Education		1,737		-		-		-		-		-		1,737
Public Safety		6,894,965		-		-		-		-		-		6,894,965
Public Health		4,101		-		-		-		-		-		4,101
Transportation		225,368		3,129,749		-		-		-		207,245		3,562,362
Economic Assistance and Opportunity		41,366		-		-		-		-		-		41,366
Culture and Recreation		581,389		-		-		-		-		-		581,389
Home and Community Services		83,732		-		3,985,075		2,564,896		-		18,320		6,652,023
Employee Benefits		7,037,995		1,450,629		551,617		189,756		-		-		9,229,997
Capital Outlay		531,305		423,687		-		-		1,477,432		702,970		3,135,394
Debt Service		131,515		43,798		1,518,970		312,240		-		40,373		2,046,896
Total Expenditures		19,494,255		5,333,462		6,350,383		3,110,454		1,477,432		968,908		36,734,894
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		355,977		1,081,849		1,385,497		5,195		(1,142,137)		35,121		1,721,502
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):		,												
Operating Transfers In		-		166,162		157,003		-		948,000		435,727		1,706,892
Operating Transfers Out		(243,000)		(80,000)		(625,000)		-		(601,889)		(157,003)		(1,706,892)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)		(243,000)		86,162		(467,997)		-		346,111		278,724		-
Change in Fund Balances		112,977		1,168,011		917,500		5,195		(796,026)		313,845		1,721,502
Fund Balances - Beginning		11,438,290		2,134,732		7,401,230		6,876,599		5,777,338		511,087		34,139,276
Cumulative Effect and Prior Period Adjustments (Note XV)		197,258				-		-		136,377		2,261,245		2,594,880
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as restated		11,635,548		2,134,732		7,401,230		6,876,599		5,913,715		2,772,332		36,734,156
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	11,748,525	\$	3,302,743	\$	8,318,730	\$	6,881,794	\$	5,117,689	\$	3,086,177	\$	38,455,658

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-Term Revenue, Expenses	Capital Asset Transactions	Long-Term Debt Transactions	Reclassifications and Eliminations	Statement of Activities Totals
Revenues:						
Real Property Taxes	\$ 19,436,103	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,436,103
Real Property Tax Items	1,144,521	-	-	-	-	1,144,521
Non-Property Tax Items	5,242,515	-	-	-	-	5,242,515
Departmental Income	7,471,824	66,861	-	-	-	7,538,685
Use of Money and Property	281,704	-	-	-	-	281,704
Licenses and Permits	592,219	-	-	-	-	592,219
Fines and Forfeitures	437,818	-	-	-	-	437,818
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	101,592	-	-	-	-	101,592
Miscellaneous	1,298,503	300,000	-	-	-	1,598,503
Intergovernmental Charges	482,591	-	-	-	-	482,591
State and Federal Aid	1,967,006	-	-	-	-	1,967,006
Total Revenues	38,456,396	366,861	-	-	-	38,823,257
Expenditures:						
General Government	4,584,664	-	163,709	-	2,996,204	7,744,577
Education	1,737	-	-	-	-	1,737
Public Safety	6,894,965	-	181,683	-	10,161,747	17,238,395
Public Health	4,101	-	-	-	5,855	9,956
Transportation	3,562,362	-	382,636	-	2,346,107	6,291,105
Economic Assistance and Opportunity	41,366	-	-	-	29,096	70,462
Culture and Recreation	581,389	-	11,462	-	640,908	1,233,759
Home and Community Services	6,652,023	-	481,728	-	1,068,139	8,201,890
Employee Benefits	9,229,997	8,018,059	-	-	(17,248,056)	-
Capital Outlay	3,135,394	-	(3,135,394)	-	-	-
Debt Service	2,046,896	(9,544)	-	(1,538,525)	-	498,827
Total Expenditures	36,734,894	8,008,515	(1,914,176)	(1,538,525)	-	41,290,708
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):						
Operating Transfers In	1,706,892	-	-	-	(1,706,892)	-
Operating Transfers Out	(1,706,892)	-	-	-	1,706,892	-
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Fund Balances/Net Position	\$ 1,721,502	\$ (7,641,654)	\$ 1,914,176	\$ 1,538,525	\$ -	\$ (2,467,451)

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FUDICIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Custo	Custodial Fund		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	5,515		
Furniture and Equipment, net		-		
Total Assets		5,515		
NET POSITION				
Held in Trust	\$	5,515		

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Custo	dial Fund
EARNINGS		
Unclaimed Bail	\$	683
		683
Change in Net Position		683
Net Position Held in Trust - Beginning		4,832
Net Position Held in Trust - Ending	\$	5,515

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Newburgh (the "Town"), established in Orange County, New York, is governed by the laws of the State of New York (the "State") and various local laws. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operations; the Supervisor serves as Chief Executive Officer and Chief Fiscal Officer.

The Town, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operations of the Town of Newburgh, New York. The financial statements include organizations, functions and activities that are controlled by or dependent upon the Town. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding and appointment of the respective governing board. Under these criteria, no other entities are included in the Town's financial statements.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the statements and are intended to be read with them.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current calendar period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Highway Fund* is used to account for financial resources necessary to repair and maintain the roads within the Town.

The *Water Fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the operations and maintenance of the water district within the Town.

The *Sewer Fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the operations and maintenance of the sewer districts within the Town.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. The principal source of financing is from the sale of bonds or bond anticipation notes.

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets which are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are, therefore, not available to support Town programs.

D. Pervasiveness of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of other postemployment benefits, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Budgetary Data

The Town's budget policies are as follows:

- 1. No later than October 5th, the budget officer submits a tentative budget to the Town Board for the year commencing the following January 1. The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and estimated revenue as the means of financing for all funds.
 - a. After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments, the governing body adopts the budget no later than November 20.
 - b. All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Town Board; however, the Town Supervisor is authorized to transfer certain budgeted amounts within the departments.
- 2. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in all funds. Encumbrances are reported as assignments of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Expenditures for such commitments are recorded in the period in which the liability is incurred.

F. Property Taxes

Town and County real property taxes are levied annually on January 1, and become a lien on that date. Taxes are collected during the period January 1 to January 31 at face value and from February 1 to March 31 with interest added. The Town Receiver of Taxes collects all real estate taxes for Town and County purposes. The Town Receiver distributes the collected tax money to the Town prior to distributing the remaining balance collected to the County on June 1. The Town thereby is assured of 100% tax collection. Responsibility for the collection of unpaid taxes rests with the County. Uncollected tax liens are sold annually by the County.

G. Cash and Investments

The Town's investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the Town has its own written investment policy. Town monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Chief Fiscal Officer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

H. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material. All receivables recorded in the governmental fund's balance sheet are expected to be collected within sixty days of year end.

I. Due To/From Other Funds

Amounts due to and due from within the same fund type have been eliminated in the Government-wide statements. See Note IV for a schedule detailing the interfund balances.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures in the Governmental Funds at the time of purchase. Inventory-type items are considered immaterial and, consequently, are not provided in the Government-wide statements.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the Town for which benefits extend beyond year-end.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at historical cost. The Town depreciates capital assets using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Capitalization thresholds and estimated lives of assets reported in the Government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capi	talization	Estimated
	Th	reshold	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	15,000	40 Years
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	\$	15,000	5 - 10 Years

L. Infrastructure

The Town includes long-lived improvements to roads, property, water and sewer systems as capital assets in the Government-wide statements. Infrastructure is reported at historical costs and is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives for infrastructure are as follows:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Threshold	Useful Life
Roads and Infrastructure	\$ 15,000	15 Years

M. Vested Employee Benefits

Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. In the event of termination or upon retirement, an employee may be entitled to payment for accumulated vacation and sick leave and unused compensatory absences at various rates subject to certain maximum limitations. A liability for accrued vacation and sick time is reflected in the Government-wide statements under the heading "Compensated Absences." See Note IX.

The Town's employees participate in the New York State Employee's Retirement System and the New York State Police and Fire Retirement System. See Note VI.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

M. Vested Employee Benefits - Continued

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides health insurance coverage for retired employees. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. Health care benefits are provided through an insurance company whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year for the Town. The Town recognizes the cost of providing benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as a governmental fund expenditure in the year paid. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age and the required years of service while working for the Town. See Note VII.

N. Workers' Compensation Insurance

In addition to the annual premiums, the Town is responsible for the residual (tail) claims that arose prior to the termination of their participation in the County of Orange Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town incurred tail claims in the amount of \$227,334 as well as current coverage premiums of \$739,378 for a total of \$966,712 in Workers' Compensation Insurance Coverage expenditures during 2020. These amounts are recorded in the General and Special Revenue Funds.

The Town will continue to be responsible for tail claims originating prior to the termination of their participation in the County of Orange Plan. The County of Orange communicated a potential "buyout" of the tail claims obligation to the Town, but the Town elected not to fund a buyout of the tail claims with the County of Orange at the time that participation in the Plan was terminated. The Town acknowledges that a significant obligation for tail claims exists, but does not believe that their tail claims obligation is reasonably determinable as of December 31, 2020, and no amount has been included for this obligation in these financial statements. In addition, the amount by which this omission would affect the assets and expenses of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

O. Unemployment Insurance

Town employees are covered by unemployment insurance. The Town has chosen to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund by means of the benefit reimbursement method. This is a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the Unemployment Insurance Fund for the benefits paid to former employees and charged to the Town's account. The Town is exempt from federal unemployment insurance tax.

P. Deferred Compensation

The Town, through the New York State Deferred Compensation Board, offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan") created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, which is available to all eligible participants, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary (up to the IRS limits) until future years. Amounts deferred under the Plan are not available to the employee until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Town does not contribute to this plan.

Q. Risk Retention

The Town assumes the liability for most risks including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury liability. The Town purchases commercial insurance to mitigate these risks, subject to certain deductibles. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

R. Equity Classification

1. Government-wide Statements

Equity is defined as net position and displayed in three components:

• Net Investment in Capital Assets

Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

• Restricted Net Position

Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by: 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

• Unrestricted Net Position

The remaining portion of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

2. Fund Financial Statements

Equity is defined as fund balance and displayed in five fund balance classifications, which are based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds:

Nonspendable:

Amounts that cannot be spent in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Prepaid expenses are nonspendable assets because, by definition, the money has already been spent.

Restricted:

Amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Various New York State statutes allow local governments to establish reserve funds for various purposes. Since the State regulates the establishment, funding and use of these reserves, the Town has classified the certain reserve funds as restricted fund balances.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

R. Equity Classification – Continued

2. Fund Financial Statements - Continued

a. The General Fund includes reserve funds established for insurance, computer equipment and tax stabilization purposes. The balance at the end of 2020 was \$276,359.

b. The Highway Fund includes reserve funds established for snow removal, equipment purchases, and building purchases. The balance at the end of 2020 was \$78,329.

c. The Water Fund includes reserve funds established for capital improvements. The balance at the end of 2020 was \$430,912.

d. The Sewer Fund includes reserve funds established for repairs. The balance at the end of 2020 was \$2,107,154.

e. The Capital Projects fund includes unspent debt proceeds which are restricted to a specific purpose. The balance at the end of 2020 was \$1,189,923.

f. Non-governmental funds include funds restricted for uses pertaining to parklands. The balance at the end of 2020 was \$2,279,992.

Committed:

Amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Town Board) before the end of the year. The same level of formal action is required to remove the constraint.

Assigned:

Amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority or by its designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. In funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

Unassigned:

Represents the residual amount of fund balance in the General Fund. In funds other than the General Fund, this classification should only be used to report a deficit balance.

3. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, it is the Town's policy to apply restricted funds before unrestricted funds, unless otherwise prohibited by legal requirements. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for which multiple classifications of fund balance are available, the Town's policy is to apply fund balance in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, unassigned.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

S. Interfund Transfers

The operations of the Town give rise to certain transactions between funds, including transfers to provide services and construct assets. Interfund transfers within fund categories are eliminated for the Statement of Activities. A detailed description of the individual fund transfers that occurred during the year is provided in Note IV.

T. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events from December 31, 2020, through June 30, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

II. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the government-wide statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the Town's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

The basic financial statements contain a detailed reconciliation of the items creating the differences between fund balance reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Net Position reported on the Statement of Net Position.

(1) The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the Town as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 172,766,414
Accumulated Depreciation	(129,027,062)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 43,739,352

(2) Long-term receivables are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not expected to be received within 60 days of year end. Balances at year end were:

Fourth Quarter 2020 Water and Sewer Billings	\$ 1,534,348

(3) Interest payable is recognized in the government-wide statements under full accrual accounting. No accrual is recognized in the governmental fund statements for interest that was not paid from current financial resources.

Interest Payable at December 31, 2020	\$	(127,536)
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II. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities - Continued

(4) The governmental funds do not include long-term liabilities because they are not due and payable in the current period. However, the liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position because they represent economic liabilities. Balances at year end were:

Installment Loans Payable	\$ (117,896)
Bonds Payable	(17,749,551)
Compensated Absences Payable	(522,322)
Net Pension Liability	(12,119,961)
Other Postemployment Benefits	 (130,516,963)
	\$ (161,026,693)

(5) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year end were:

Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	\$ 8,943,938
Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	26,209,400
	\$ 35,153,338
	(407,112)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	(407,112)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	(8,397,867)
	\$ (8,804,979)

(6) Long-term receivable for park operating costs is recognized in the entity-wide statements under full accrual accounting, whereas it is not recognized until measurable and available in the governmental fund statements.

Unearned Income

\$ 300,000

II. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

B. Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories:

- Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds use a current financial resource measurement focus, whereas the Statement of Activities uses an economic resource measurement focus.
- Capital asset transaction differences include the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital assets in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.
- Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements when paid, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

The basic financial statements contain a detailed reconciliation of the items creating the differences between the change in fund balance reported in the governmental fund statements and the change in net position reported in the Statement of Activities.

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues reported in governmental funds	\$ 38,456,396
Long-term receivable for park operating costs is recognized in the entity-wide statements under full accrual accounting, whereas it is not recognized until measurable and available in the governmental fund statements.	300,000
Water and Sewer billings are recognized in the entity-wide statements under full accrual accounting, whereas they are recognized when measurable and available in the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which the fourth quarter Water and Sewer billings for the current year exceeded the fourth quarter Water and Sewer billings for the prior year.	 66,861
Total revenues reported in the Statement of Activities	\$ 38,823,257

II. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

B. Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities – Continued

Total Expenditures/Expenses

\$ Total expenditures reported in governmental funds 36,734,894 In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid.) This is the amount by which the liability for compensated absences decreased during the year. (65,046)In the Statement of Activities, the expenses for other postemployment benefits are measured based on the changes in the actuarially determined OPEB liability and related deferred inflows/outflows of resources of the Town. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This is the amount by which the changes in the OPEB liability and related deferred inflows/outflows of resources exceeded the amount of financial resources used during the year. 5,597,340 In the Statement of Activities, pension expense related to ERS and PFRS defined benefit plans is measured as the change in the Town's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds, however, these expenditures are recognized as the sum of (1) amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan, and (2) the change between beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense was greater then the amount of financial resources expended during the year. 2,485,765 Interest payable is recognized in the government-wide statements under full accrual accounting, whereas it is recognized when paid in the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable for the prior year exceeded the interest payable for the current year. (9,544)When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$3,135,394 exceeded depreciation expenses of \$1,221,218 in the current year. (1,914,176)Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds; it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities. (1,538,525)41,290,708 Total expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities

III. CASH

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit and interestbearing savings accounts) was \$39,237,768 and the bank balance was \$39,700,758. The Town's deposits at December 31, 2020, and during the year then ended, were entirely covered by FDIC Insurance or by pledged collateral held by the Town's agent bank in the Town's name. Petty Cash is included in Cash and Cash Equivalents and totaled \$1,150 at year end.

IV. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2020 were as follows:

	Receivables		Payables	
Funds				
Sewer (multiple districts)	\$	251,000	\$	251,000
Drainage Fund		2,000		2,000
Parklands Fund		700,000		-
General		-		700,000
TOTAL	\$	953,000	\$	953,000

Interfund revenues and expenditures at December 31, 2020 were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
<u>Funds</u>	Revenues	Expenditures
General	\$ -	\$ 243,000
Highway	166,162	80,000
Water	157,003	625,000
Capital Projects	948,000	601,889
Debt Service	435,727	157,003
TOTAL	\$ 1,706,892	\$ 1,706,892

Interfund transfers were made for the following purposes:

- Funding of capital projects
- Returning unspent amounts for closed projects to the funds

V. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Reclassification	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,179,793	\$ 386,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,565,893
Construction in Progress	28,628,883	1,621,992		(419,676)	29,831,199
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	32,808,676	2,008,092		(419,676)	34,397,092
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	8,711,407	551,557	-	159,327	9,422,291
Roads and Infrastructure	119,963,045	-	-	-	119,963,045
Vehicles and Equipment	8,308,203	575,745	(160,311)	260,349	8,983,986
Total capital assets being depreciated	136,982,655	1,127,302	(160,311)	419,676	138,369,322
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(6,933,069)	(132,004)	-	-	(7,065,073)
Roads and Infrastructure	(114,991,145)	(471,494)	-	-	(115,462,639)
Vehicles and Equipment	(6,041,941)	(617,720)	160,311	-	(6,499,350)
Total accumulated depreciation	(127,966,155)	(1,221,218)	160,311	-	(129,027,062)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9,016,500	(93,916)			9,342,260
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 41,825,176	\$ 1,914,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,739,352

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 163,709
Public Safety	181,683
Transportation	382,636
Culture and Recreation	11,462
Home and Community Services	481,728
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,221,218

VI. PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement Systems ("PFRS"). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement systems (the "Systems"). The Systems provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York ("Comptroller") serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the Systems. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the Systems and for the custody and control of their funds. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, Gov. Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, NY 12244.

Funding Policy

The Systems are noncontributory except for Tier 3, 4, 5 and 6 employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% to 6% of their salary. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates, expressed as proportions of member payroll and employer contributions, used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. An eligible Tier 3 or 4 member with ten or more years of membership, or ten years credited service, will not be required to contribute to the Retirement System. Tier 5 and 6 members must continue to contribute throughout their employment.

The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

Plan Year Ended March 31:	ERS		PFRS		
2020	\$	790,542	\$ 999,509		
2019	\$	814,341	\$ 1,100,196		
2018	\$	844,169	\$ 1,159,530		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the Town reported liabilities of \$4,923,752 and \$7,196,209 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the Systems. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and PFRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, as actuarially determined. This information was provided to the Town by the ERS and PFRS Systems.

At March 31, 2020, the Town's proportion of the ERS net pension liability was 0.01859380%. At March 31, 2019, the Town's proportion of the ERS net pension liability was 0.01839420%.

At March 31, 2020, the Town's proportion of the PFRS net pension liability was 0.1346360%. At March 31, 2019, the Town's proportion of the PFRS net pension liability was 0.13130260%.

VI. PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,748,681 for ERS and \$2,554,891 for PFRS. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
		ERS		PFRS		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	289,783	\$	479,192	\$	768,975
Changes of assumptions		99,141		615,102		714,243
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,524,155		3,240,679		5,764,834
Changes in proportion and difference between the Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		187,968		137,628		325,596
Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		591,415		778,875		1,370,290
Total	\$	3,692,462	\$	5,251,476	\$	8,943,938

	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	 ERS	<u>PFRS</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ - \$	120,536 \$	120,536		
Changes of assumptions	85,607	-	85,607		
Changes in proportion and difference between the Town's contributions and proportionate share					
of contributions	 31,950	169,019	200,969		
Total	\$ 117,557 \$	289,555 \$	407,112		

VI. PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:	ERS	PFRS
2021	\$ 535,275	\$ 915,363
2022	761,826	986,685
2023	937,484	1,235,117
2024	748,905	1,016,519
2025	 -	 29,362
	\$ 2,983,490	\$ 4,183,046

Actuarial Assumption

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	PFRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
	6.000.6	6.000.6
Investment Rate of Return	6.80%	6.80%
	compounded annually	compounded annually
	net of investment expense	net of investment expense
Projected Salary Increases	4.20%	5.00%
Cost of Living Adjustments	1.3% annually	1.3% annually
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2010 -	April 1, 2010 -
	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
	Plan's 2015 Experience Study	Plan's 2015 Experience Study
Inflation Rate	2.50%	2.50%
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP - 2014	Society of Actuaries Scale MP - 2014

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each of the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation.

VI. PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation for both retirement systems are summarized below:

	ERS and PFRS				
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020				
		Long-term			
	Target	expected			
	allocation	real rate of return			
Asset Class:					
Domestic Equity	36%	4.05%			
International Equity	14%	6.15%			
Private Equity	10%	6.75%			
Real Estate	10%	4.95%			
Absolute Return Strategies	2%	3.25%			
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.65%			
Real Assets	3%	5.95%			
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	0.75%			
Cash	1%	0.00%			
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	0.50%			
Total	100%				

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 6.8% for PFRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

VI. PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of each net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate referred to above:

ERS	1% Decrease 5.80%	Current Assumption 6.80%	1% Increase 7.80%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (9,036,576)	\$ (4,923,752) \$	(1,135,917)
PFRS	1% Decrease 5.80%	Current Assumption 6.80%	1% Increase 7.80%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (12,866,968)	\$ (7,196,209) \$	(2,117,916)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2020, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
	ERS	PFRS			
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020			
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (194,596,261)	\$ (35,309,017)			
Plan net position	168,115,682	29,964,080			
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (26,480,579)	\$ (5,344,937)			
Ratio of plan net position to the					
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	86.39%	84.86%			

Prepaid Contributions to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions for the plan year ended March 31, 2021 were paid to the System in December 2020. Prepaid retirement contributions as of December 31, 2020 amounted to \$199,831.

For PFRS, employer contributions for the plan year ended March 31, 2021 were paid to the System in December 2020. Prepaid retirement contributions as of December 31, 2020 amounted to \$259,902.

VII. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Town provides postemployment health insurance coverage to retired employees through a self-administered single employer plan in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Town's contractual agreements. A trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 has not been established.

Benefits Provided

The Town's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare to eligible retired employees and their spouses and dependent children. Eligibility is based on the respective rules of the New York State and Local Employees Retirement System (ERS) as well as the provisions of the Town's agreements with its employees. The following eligibility rules currently apply to the Town's employees:

		Years of
Group	Date of Hire	Service
Management	Pre 12/14/11	8
	Post 12/14/11	20
CSEA	Pre 09/20/10	10
	Post 09/20/10	20
Police		15

Medical and prescription drug benefits are offered to retirees on a Town-subsided basis. Upon attaining age 65 or upon disability retirement, Medicare (Parts A and B) becomes the primary provider for hospital insurance and supplementary medical insurance, with the Town's plan providing an additional layer of coverage. The Town reimburses Medicare Part B premiums for retirees and spouses or their surviving spouses.

The benefit terms are dependent on which contract covers each employee. The Town will generally contribute 100% of the medical premium amounts for individual and family coverage. For CSEA employees hired after August 24, 1997, the Town will contribute 80% of the medical premiums for individual and family coverage. Town contribution amounts for new retirees as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

				Town Contributions (Fixed)			Reimburs	se Part B	Premium	
	Provider					Individual				Surviving
Group	Options	Hire Date		Individual	Spouse	and Children	Family	Individual	Spouse	Spouse
Management	NYSHIP	Pre 8/24/97	under 65	\$ 1,075.00	N/A	N/A	\$ 2,452.00	Y	Y	Y
and Police			over 65	390.00	N/A	N/A	1,107.00	Y	Y	Y
		Post 8/24/97	under 65	1,075.00	N/A	N/A	2,452.00	Y	Y	Y
			over 65	390.00	N/A	N/A	1,107.00	Y	Y	Y
CSEA	NYSHIP	Pre 8/24/97	under 65	1,075.00	N/A	N/A	2,452.00	Y	Y	Y
			over 65	390.00	N/A	N/A	1,107.00	Y	Y	Y
		Post 8/24/97	under 65	860.00	N/A	N/A	1,961.60	Y	Y	Y
			over 65	312.00	N/A	N/A	885.60	Y	Y	Y

VII. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

The Town's contribution is equivalent to that portion of health insurance premiums paid that are allocated to retirees, estimated to be 3,458,431 during the year ended 12/31/20.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Active employees	108
Retired	160
Total employees covered by benefit terms	268

Total OPEB Liability

The Town obtained an actuarial valuation report as of December 31, 2020. The liability for other postemployment benefits was measured as of December 31, 2020 and totaled \$130,516,963.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless other specified:

Inflation Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.00%
Discount Rate	1.93%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	8% decreasing to 5%
Current Retiree's Share of Benefit Related Costs	Retirees pay based on specific cost sharing agreement
Future Retiree's Share of Benefit Related Costs	Retirees pay based on specific cost sharing agreement

- The discount rate was based on the S&P 20 AA Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2020.
- Mortality Rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality table with MP-2016 projection.

VII. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability during the year ended 12/31/20:

Balance - Beginning	\$ 101,444,245
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	1,621,393
Interest	3,250,710
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	5,697,706
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	21,961,340
Benefit Payments	(3,458,431)
Net Changes	 29,072,718
Balance - Ending	\$ 130,516,963

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the current discount rate.

		1%		Discount		1%
	Decrease		Rate			Increase
		0.93%		1.93%		2.93%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	147,033,090	\$	130,516,963	\$	114,000,836

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or higher than the healthcare cost trend rate.

	1%	Healthcare	1%
	Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	Increase
	7% decreasing	8% decreasing to	9% decreasing
	to 4%	5%	to 6%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 111,289,282	\$ 130,516,963	\$ 152,640,479

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$5,597,340. At December 31, 2020, the Town reported the following deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

	2010	rred Outflows Resources	2010	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,558,165	\$	8,397,867		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		21,651,235		-		
Total	\$	26,209,400	\$	8,397,867		

VII. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts recognized in the deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amount				
2021	\$ 4,183,668				
2022	4,183,668				
2023	4,183,668				
2024	5,260,529				
2025	 -				
	\$ 17,811,533				

VIII. SHORT-TERM DEBT

State law requires that Bond Anticipation Notes ("BANs") issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date. However, BANs issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

The Town did not have any outstanding bond anticipation notes as of December 31, 2020.

IX. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Town borrows money for various purposes, including acquiring land and equipment or constructing buildings and improvements. This borrowing enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers who benefit from the capital assets. The debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

At December 31, 2020, the total long-term principal indebtedness outstanding of the Town was \$17,867,447.

Interest on long-term debt for the year ended 2020 was:

Interest Paid Less: Interest accrued - prior year	\$ 508,371 (137,080)
Plus: Interest accrued - current year	 127,536
	\$ 498,827

IX. LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

	Beginning			Ending	Current
Governmental Activities	Balance	Issued/Earned	Issued/Earned Redeemed/ Paid		Portion
Installment Purchase Debt and Serial Bonds	\$ 19,405,972	\$ -	\$ 1,538,525	\$ 17,867,447	\$ 1,469,624
Other liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	587,368	-	65,046	522,322	-
Net Pension Liability - ERS	1,303,286	3,620,466	-	4,923,752	-
Net Pension Liability - PFRS	2,202,027	4,994,182	-	7,196,209	-
Other Postemployment Benefits	101,444,245	29,072,718	-	130,516,963	-
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 124,942,898	\$ 37,687,366	\$ 1,603,571	\$ 161,026,693	\$ 1,469,624

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

Activity for compensated absences is shown net due to the impracticality of determining these amounts separately. Payments of compensated absences are dependent upon future factors and, therefore, the timing of such payments cannot be determined. Compensated absences are reflected as a long-term liability in the Statement of Net Position.

The following is a summary of the maturity of the serial bonds and installment debt:

Governmental Activit	ties			
		Principal	 Interest	 Total
2021	\$	1,469,624	\$ 461,505	\$ 1,931,129
2022		1,467,949	427,464	1,895,413
2023		1,391,774	392,470	1,784,244
2024		1,393,100	359,196	1,752,296
2025		1,090,000	217,482	1,307,482
2026-2030		7,435,000	1,078,214	8,513,214
2031-2035		2,795,000	276,522	3,071,522
2036-2037		825,000	49,500	874,500
Total	\$	17,867,447	\$ 3,262,353	\$ 21,129,800

In addition to the debt shown above, the following long-term debt has been authorized by the Board but remains unissued at December 31, 2020:

Unissued Long-Term Debt	Amount			
Sewer - Various Projects Highway - Various Projects Water - Various Projects	\$	445,000 1,703,495 513,550		
Total Commitments	\$	2,662,045		

X. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The Roseton and Nob Hill Sewer Districts have deficit unassigned fund balances at December 31, 2020 of (\$100,841) and (\$7,287), respectively. Management is aware of the deficit fund balances in these sewer districts. Due to the size of each district, it is difficult to raise rates dramatically in one year; however, management plans to raise rates gradually to eliminate the deficit fund balances.

XI. OPERATING LEASES

The Town leases office equipment and police radios. The total minimum rental commitment at December 31, 2020, under the leases mentioned above, is due during the following fiscal years:

Year Ending December 31,		Amount		
	2021	\$ 51,141		
	2022	51,141		
	2023	51,141		
	2024	43,765		
	2025	32,853		
	2026	26,424		
	2027	 6,606		
		\$ 263,071		

Rental expense included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the year ended December 31, 2020 related to the leases mentioned above was \$93,644.

XII. CONTINGENCIES

Grant Funding

The Town has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds to the Federal and State governments. Based on past audits, the Town's management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Certiorari Proceedings

Open tax certiorari cases, which claim excessive assessed values, exist with many taxpayers. Claims allowed, if any, result in a refund of Town taxes previously collected by the Town. Any such refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be provided for when determinable.

Judgments and Claims

A few claims against the Town are presently pending for miscellaneous matters. Although final outcome of these matters is not known at this time, management of the Town does not believe that the final settlement of these matters will have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

XIII. PROPERTY TAX ABATEMENTS

The Town is a party to four real property tax abatement agreements entered into by the Orange County IDA ("IDA") under Article 18-A of the real property law. These agreements provide for abatement of real property taxes in exchange for a payment in lieu of taxes ("PILOT") in compliance with RPTL 412-A, Article V & XI of the Private Housing Finance Law, Title I of Article 18-A of NYS GML Exemption Policy. In accordance with this policy, the IDA grants PILOTs for various activities, such as new construction, purchasing of an existing facility, or the improvement or expansion of an existing facility.

The following provides information related to the PILOT agreements in effect for the year ended December 31, 2019:

		Taxable				
Start		Assessed	Tax	Tax	PILOT	Taxes
Date Ag	reement	Value	Rate	Value	Received	Abated
07/01/07 CRH Realty	VIII, LLC \$	5,144,000	15.1476	\$ 77,919	\$ 37,711	\$ 40,208
07/01/15 JDP Assoc	iates LLC	1,428,000	15.1476	21,631	20,820	811
12/01/14 Danskamm	er Energy, LLC	41,500,000	15.1476	628,625	204,651	423,974
1/1/2018 AMSCAM	/MATRIX	25,436,400	15.1476	385,300	80,382	304,918

XIV. UNCERTAINTIES

Beginning in March 2020, local, U.S., and world governments encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic and its long-term economic ramifications. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and any other impacts to the Town as of December 31, 2020, management believes that a material impact on the Town's financial position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

XV. CUMULATIVE EFFECT AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The Town implemented GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in 2020. As a result, the Town recorded a cumulative effect adjustment, increasing beginning fund balance and beginning net position by \$2,458,503, as described below. The Town also increased beginning fund balance and beginning net position by \$136,377 as a result of closing a capital project.

Net Position Beginning of Year	\$ (50,903,941)
Closing of Project (prior period adjustment):	
Capital Projects	136,377
GASB 84 Implementation (cumulative effect adjustment):	
Change to General fund	197,258
Special Revenue fund	2,261,245
Net change in Net Position	2,594,880
Net Position Beginning of year, as restated	\$ (48,309,061)

XVI. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 25, 2021, the Town approved the settlement of a tax certiorari case which included a tax refund of \$137,510 pertaining to a single taxpayer.

On March 11, 2021, the President signed into law the American Rescue Plan of 2121 (ARPA). This stimulus package includes \$350 billion in direct relief for state and local governments. The allocation process is based on population size and it is estimated that the Town will receive approximately \$3.1 million to be used for investments in water and sewer infrastructure needs.

On May 28, 2021 the Town issued a \$4,190,000 Bond Anticipation Note, bearing interest of 1%, to fund various projects Capital Projects.

XVII. NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

In January of 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of Statement No. 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. Statement No. 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The Town implemented this standard for the year ending December 31, 2020.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The Town is required to implement this standard for year ending December 31, 2022. The Town has not evaluated the effect of GASB 87 on its financial statements.

In March 2018, GASB issued Statement 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. The Town implemented GASB 88 for the year ending December 31, 2020 as required. The implementation did not have a significant impact on the Town's financial statements.

GASB has also issued Statements 86, 89 through 94, 96 and 97 none of which are expected to have any substantive effects on the Town's net position. GASB Statement 95 extended the implementation date of several standard. The dates above are reflective of those changes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Total OPEB Liability	12/31/20			12/31/19		12/31/18
Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,621,393 3,250,710 5,697,706	\$	1,518,456 3,622,080 (7,750,922)	\$	1,631,480 3,776,675 (6,461,171)
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Benefit Payments		21,961,340 (3,458,431)		6,123,245 (3,152,623)		(3,235,542)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		29,072,718 101,444,245		360,236 101,084,009		(4,288,558) 105,372,567
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	130,516,963	\$	101,444,245	\$	101,084,009
Plan Fiduciary net position Contributions - Employer Net Investment Income	\$	3,458,431	\$	3,152,623	\$	3,235,542
Benefit Payments Administrative Expense		(3,458,431)		(3,152,623)		(3,235,542)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary net position - beginning	<u></u>	-		-		-
Plan Fiduciary net position - ending (b) District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	130,516,963	<u>\$</u> \$	101,444,245	<u>\$</u> \$	
Plan fiduciary net position as a		150,510,505	ψ	101,+++,2+3		101,004,007
percentage of the total OPEB liability		0%		0%		0%
Covered Payroll	\$	11,647,627	\$	11,634,107	\$	11,241,616
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		1120.55%		871.96%		899.19%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of Benefit Terms:

None

Implied Subsidy: Approximately \$475,000 is included in Benefit Payments/Contributions

Changes in Assumptions:

Changes in Assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period.

The following are the discount rates used in each period:

12/31/20	1.93%
12/31/19	3.26%
12/31/18	3.64%

No assets are accumulated in a Trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that 2018 was the year of implementation, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

	2020			2019		2018
Actuarial determined contribution (SC + 20 year amort NOL)	\$	8,605,001	\$	8,721,219	\$	9,139,825
Contributions in relation to the actuarially						
determined contribution		3,458,431		3,152,623		3,235,542
Contribution excess/(deficiency)	\$	(5,146,570)	\$	(5,568,596)	\$	(5,904,283)
Covered - employee payroll	\$	11,647,627	\$	11,634,107	\$	11,241,616
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		29.69%		27.10%		28.78%
Notes to Schedule:						
Valuation date:	1/1/2020		1/1/2019		1/1/2018	
Census data:	1	2/31/2020	12/31/2019		12/31/2018	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:	_					
Actuarial cost method	Entr	y Age Normal	Entr	y Age Normal	Entr	y Age Normal
Amortization method		N/A		N/A		N/A
Amortization period		N/A		N/A		N/A
Asset valuation method		Market		Market		Market
Inflation		3%		3%		3%
Healthcare cost trend rates	8% d	ecrease to 5%	8% c	lecrease to 5%	8% c	lecrease to 5%
Salary increases		3%		3%		3%
Investment rate of return		1.93%		3.26%		3.64%
Retirement age	rate	s from age 55	rate	es from age 55	rate	es from age 55
Mortality		RP 2014		RP 2014		RP 2014
	w / .	MP2016 proj	w/	MP2016 proj	w/	MP2016 proj

GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that 2018 was the year of implementation, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Plan Year Ended	Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	of	portionate Share the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	Actual Covered Member Payroll	Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
Employees' Retirement System	Asset (Entonity)	1	(Lidolinty)	Tuyton		
3/31/2020	0.01859380%	\$	(4,923,752)	\$ 5,477,780	-89.89%	86.39%
3/31/2019	0.01839420%	\$	(1,303,283)	\$ 5,546,564	-23.50%	96.27%
3/31/2018	0.01910410%	\$	(616,574)	\$ 5,604,320	-11.00%	98.24%
3/31/2017	0.01834530%	\$	(1,723,766)	\$ 5,665,037	-30.43%	94.70%
3/31/2016	0.01941710%	\$	(3,116,504)	\$ 5,481,774	-56.85%	90.70%
3/31/2015	0.01863565%	\$	(629,558)	\$ 5,473,978	-11.50%	97.90%
3/31/2014	0.01863565%	\$	(842,119)	\$ 5,329,598	-15.80%	97.20%
Plan Year Ended	Proportion of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	of	portionate Share the Net Pension Asset (Liability)	Actual Covered Member Payroll	Net Pension Asset (Liability) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
Police and Fire Retirement System						
3/31/2020	0.13463600%	\$	(7,196,209)	\$ 4,832,097	-148.93%	84.86%
3/31/2019	0.13130260%	\$	(2,202,027)	\$ 4,671,942	-47.13%	95.09%
3/31/2018	0.12869970%	\$	(1,300,841)	\$ 4,987,631	-26.08%	96.93%
3/31/2017	0.12218080%	\$	(2,532,384)	\$ 4,921,977	-51.45%	93.50%
3/31/2016	0.13438980%	\$	(3,978,995)	\$ 4,783,417	-83.18%	90.20%
3/31/2015	0.13569156%	\$	(373,504)	\$ 4,891,625	-7.64%	99.00%
3/31/2014	0.13569156%	\$	(564,896)	\$ 4,741,280	-11.91%	98.50%

*GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that 2015 was the year of implementation, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

\$

\$

Plan Year Ended	Contractually Required Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Required Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Employees' Retirement System	require controlution		deneterey (encess)		
3/31/2020	\$ 790,542	\$ 790,542	\$ -	\$ 5,477,780	14.43%
3/31/2019	\$ 814,341	\$ 814,341	\$ -	\$ 5,546,564	14.68%
3/31/2018	\$ 844,169	\$ 844,169	\$ -	\$ 5,604,320	15.06%
3/31/2017	\$ 808,386	\$ 808,386	\$ -	\$ 5,665,037	14.27%
3/31/2016	\$ 903,165	\$ 903,165	\$ -	\$ 5,481,774	16.48%
3/31/2015	\$ 943,253	\$ 943,253	\$ -	\$ 5,473,978	17.23%
3/31/2014	\$ 1,071,204	\$ 1,071,204	\$ -	\$ 5,329,598	20.10%
3/31/2013	\$ 973,616	\$ 973,616	\$ -	N/A	N/A
3/31/2012	\$ 774,975	\$ 774,975	\$ -	N/A	N/A
					Required Contributions
	Contractually	Actual	Contribution	Covered	as a Percentage of
Plan Year Ended	Required Contribution	Employer Contribution	deficiency (excess)	Employee Payroll	Covered Payroll
Police and Fire Retirement System					
3/31/2020	\$ 999,509	\$ 999,509	\$ -	\$ 4,832,097	20.68%
3/31/2019	\$ 1,100,196	\$ 1,100,196	\$ -	\$ 4,671,942	23.55%
3/31/2018	\$ 1,159,530	\$ 1,159,530	\$ -	\$ 4,987,631	23.25%
3/31/2017	\$ 1,099,784	\$ 1,099,784	\$ -	\$ 4,921,977	22.34%
3/31/2016	\$ 1,176,648	\$ 1,176,648	\$ -	\$ 4,783,417	24.60%
3/31/2015	\$ 1,082,004	\$ 1,082,004	\$ -	\$ 4,891,625	22.12%
3/31/2014	\$ 1,678,123	\$ 1,678,123	\$ -	\$ 4,741,280	35.39%

*GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that 2015 was the year of implementation, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

907,802 \$

796,450 \$

N/A

N/A

-

N/A

N/A

907,802 \$

796,450 \$

N/A - Not available

3/31/2013

3/31/2012

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

						Actual		
		Budgeted	An			Amounts	Varia	ance with Final
		Original		Final	G	AAP Basis		Budget
Revenues:	<i>•</i>	10.005.100	•	10 000 100	<i>•</i>		•	
Real Property Taxes	\$	10,207,109	\$	10,207,109	\$	10,207,109	\$	-
Real Property Tax Items		470,000		470,000		435,359		(34,641)
Non-Property Tax Items		5,200,000		5,200,000		5,242,515		42,515
Departmental Income		771,500		771,500		830,382		58,882
Interfund Revenue		425,000		425,000		307,221		(117,779)
Use of Money and Property		61,000		61,000		62,594		1,594
Licenses and Permits		487,100		487,100		589,779		102,679
Fines and Forfeitures		804,500		804,500		437,818		(366,682)
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		22,000		22,000		69,575		47,575
Miscellaneous		300,000		400,000		364,878		(35,122)
State and Federal Aid		1,304,000		1,204,000		1,303,002		99,002
Total Revenues		20,052,209		20,052,209		19,850,232		(201,977)
Expenditures:								
General Government		5,182,278		4,778,668		3,960,782		817,886
Education		2,500		2,500		1,737		763
Public Safety		7,855,369		7,521,550		6,894,965		626,585
Public Health		4,150		4,150		4,101		49
Transportation		258,659		258,659		225,368		33,291
Economic Assistance and Opportunity		159,896		160,896		41,366		119,530
Culture and Recreation		882,672		878,372		581,389		296,983
Home and Community Services		118,350		120,050		83,732		36,318
Employee Benefits		8,125,200		8,125,200		7,037,995		1,087,205
Capital Outlay		474,000		728,050		531,305		196,745
Debt Service		79,135		174,114		131,515		42,599
Total Expenditures		23,142,209		22,752,209		19,494,255		3,257,954
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(3,090,000)		(2,700,000)		355,977		3,055,977
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):								
Operating Transfers In		-		-		-		-
Operating Transfers Out		(70,000)		(460,000)		(243,000)		217,000
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses)		(70,000)		(460,000)		(243,000)		217,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,160,000)		(3,160,000)		112,977		3,272,977
Appropriated Fund Balance		3,160,000		3,160,000		-		(3,160,000)
Total Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,977	\$	112,977

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET HIGHWAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	-	Actual Amounts AAP Basis	Va	riance with Final Budget
Revenues:						
Real Property Taxes	\$ 5,805,079	\$5,805,079	\$	5,805,079	\$	-
Real Property Tax Items	216,000	216,000		222,255		6,255
Use of Money and Property	12,000	12,000		21,160		9,160
Licenses and Permits	1,000	1,000		1,050		50
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	4,000	4,000		18,519		14,519
Miscellaneous	-	-		3,166		3,166
State Aid	350,000	350,000		344,082		(5,918)
Total Revenues	6,388,079	6,388,079		6,415,311		27,232
Expenditures:						
General Government	438,000	432,373		285,599		146,774
Transportation	4,472,881	4,415,508		3,129,749		1,285,759
Employee Benefits	1,992,300	1,992,300		1,450,629		541,671
Capital Outlay	361,100	424,100		423,687		413
Debt Service	43,798	43,798		43,798		-
Total Expenditures	7,308,079	7,308,079		5,333,462		1,974,617
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(920,000)	(920,000)		1,081,849		2,001,849
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):						
Operating Transfers In	-	-		166,162		166,162
Operating Transfers Out	(80,000)	(80,000)		(80,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses)	(80,000)	(80,000)		86,162		166,162
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		1,168,011		2,168,011
Appropriated Fund Balance	1,000,000	1,000,000		-		(1,000,000)
Total Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,168,011	\$	1,168,011

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET WATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	D	. dooto	1 A	ta	Actual Amounts		Variance with
	Orig	udgetee inal	JAI	Final	_ Amounts GAAP Basi		Final Budget
Revenues:	ong	litur		1 mui	Offitti Busi	5	1 mai Dadget
Real Property Taxes	\$ 3,14	3,261	\$	3,143,261	\$3,143,261	\$	-
Real Property Tax Items	6	8,000		68,000	72,013		4,013
Departmental Income	3,30	0,000		3,300,000	4,128,207		828,207
Use of Money and Property	13	6,000		136,000	143,616		7,616
Licenses and Permits		1,000		1,000	1,390		390
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		1,000		1,000	6,592		5,592
Miscellaneous	28	0,000		280,000	65,431		(214,569)
Intergovernmental Charges		-		-	175,370		175,370
Total Revenues	6,92	9,261		6,929,261	7,735,880		806,619
Expenditures:							
General Government	33	2,000		325,100	294,721		30,379
Home and Community Service	4,97	0,292		4,977,292	3,985,075		992,217
Employee Benefits	66	3,150		663,050	551,617		111,433
Capital Outlay	2	3,055		23,055	-		23,055
Debt Service	1,51	8,970		1,518,970	1,518,970		
Total Expenditures	7,50	7,467		7,507,467	6,350,383		1,157,084
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(57	(8,206)		(578,206)	1,385,497		1,963,703
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):							
Operating Transfers In		-		-	157,003		157,003
Operating Transfers Out	(75	(0,000)		(750,000)	(625,000)		125,000
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses)	(75	(0,000)		(750,000)	(467,997)		282,003
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,32	8,206)		(1,328,206)	917,500		2,245,706
Appropriated Fund Balance	1,32	8,206		1,328,206	-		(1,328,206)
Total Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 917,500	\$	917,500

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Actual	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Real Property Tax Items	\$ 382,170	\$ 382,170	\$ 414,859	\$ 32,689
Departmental Income	2,282,200	2,282,200	2,501,235	219,035
Use of Money and Property	21,070	21,070	27,621	6,551
Miscellaneous	252,000	252,000	165,028	(86,972)
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	-	-	6,906	6,906
Total Revenues	2,937,440	2,937,440	3,115,649	178,209
Expenditures:				
General Government	57,220	46,220	43,562	2,658
Home and Community Services	2,378,267	2,691,467	2,564,896	126,571
Employee Benefits	227,823	227,823	189,756	38,067
Capital Outlay	-	15,300	-	15,300
Debt Service	312,277	312,277	312,240	37
Total Expenditures	2,975,587	3,293,087	3,110,454	182,633
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(38,147)	(355,647)	5,195	360,842
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):				
Operating Transfers Out	(400,000)	(82,500)	-	82,500
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(400,000)	(82,500)	-	82,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	(438,147)	(438,147)	5,195	443,342
Appropriated Fund Balance	438,147	438,147	-	(438,147)
Total Change in Fund Balance	\$-	\$ -	\$ 5,195	\$ 5,195

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

						Total Non-
			Highway	Debt	Parklands	Major Governmental
	Drainage	Lighting	District	Service	Fund	Funds
ASSEIS	Diamage	Lighting	District	Service	T unu	T unub
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 137,580	\$ 198,276	\$ 52,195	\$ 447,263	\$-	\$ 835,314
Reserved Cash	-	-	-	-	1,579,992	1,579,992
Due from Other Funds	2,000	-	-	-	700,000	702,000
Total Assets	\$ 139,580	\$ 198,276	\$ 52,195	\$ 447,263	\$ 2,279,992	\$ 3,117,306
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 18,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,213
Accrued Expenditures	-	-	-	10,916	-	10,916
Due to Other Funds	2,000	-	-	-	-	2,000
Total Liabilities	2,000	18,213	-	10,916	-	31,129
FUND BALANCES						
Fund Balance - Restricted						
Reserves	-	-	-	-	2,279,992	\$ 2,279,992
Fund Balance - Assigned						
Assigned for Subsequent Year's Budget	13,912	-	280	-	-	14,192
Assigned for Fund Purposes	123,668	180,063	51,915	436,347	-	791,993
Total Fund Balances	137,580	180,063	52,195	436,347	2,279,992	3,086,177
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 139,580	\$ 198,276	\$ 52,195	\$ 447,263	\$ 2,279,992	\$ 3,117,306

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Ι	Drainage	Lighting	Highway District	Debt Service	Parklands Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Real Property Taxes	\$	21,249	\$ 219,148	\$ 40,257	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 280,654
Real Property Tax Items		-	35	-	-	-	35
Departmental Income		-	-	-	-	12,000	12,000
Use of Money and Property		441	838	280	64	9,717	11,340
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-	700,000	700,000
Total Revenues		21,690	220,021	40,537	64	721,717	1,004,029
Expenditures:							
Home & Community Services		18,320	-	-	-	-	18,320
Transportation		-	207,245	-	-	-	207,245
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	702,970	702,970
Debt Service		-	-	40,373	-	-	40,373
Total Expenditures		18,320	207,245	40,373	-	702,970	968,908
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		3,370	12,776	164	64	18,747	35,121
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):							
Operating Transfers In		-	-	-	435,727	-	435,727
Operating Transfers Out		-	-	-	(157,003)	-	(157,003)
Total Financing Sources/(Uses)		-	-	-	278,724	-	278,724
Change in Fund Balances		3,370	12,776	164	278,788	18,747	313,845
Fund Balances - Beginning		134,210	167,287	52,031	157,559	-	511,087
Cumulative Effect Adjustment		-	-	-	-	2,261,245	2,261,245
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year, as restated		134,210	167,287	52,031	157,559	2,261,245	2,772,332
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	137,580	\$ 180,063	\$ 52,195	\$ 436,347	\$ 2,279,992	\$ 3,086,177

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS SEWER FUND DECEMBER 31, 2020

	1	Nob Hill	C	Crossroads	Roseton	Total
		Sewer		Sewer	Sewer	Sewer
		District		District	District	Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,662	\$	4,318,530	\$ 47,374	\$ 4,370,566
Cash in Special Reserves		60,509		2,046,645	-	2,107,154
Due From Other Funds		-		251,000	-	251,000
Receivables		8,110		607,479	96,802	712,391
Prepaid Expenses		443		31,102	37	31,582
Total Assets	\$	73,724	\$	7,254,756	\$ 144,213	\$ 7,472,693
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,036	\$	323,389	\$ 13,017	\$ 337,442
Accrued Expenditures		23		2,434	- -	2,457
Due To Other Funds		19,000		-	232,000	251,000
Total Liabilities		20,059		325,823	245,017	590,899
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		443		31,102	37	31,582
Fund Balance - Restricted Reserves		60,509		2,046,645	-	2,107,154
Fund Balance - Assigned						
Assigned for Subsequent Year's Budget		-		715,815	-	715,815
Assigned for Fund Purposes		-		4,135,371	-	4,135,371
Fund Balance - Unassigned		(7,287)		-	(100,841)	(108,128)
Total Fund Balances		53,665		6,928,933	(100,804)	6,881,794
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	73,724	\$	7,254,756	\$ 144,213	\$ 7,472,693

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Nob Hill	Crossroads	Roseton	Total
	Sewer	Sewer	Sewer	Sewer
	District	District	District	Fund
Revenues:				
Real Property Tax Items	\$ -	\$ 414,859	\$ -	\$ 414,859
Departmental Income	22,330	2,175,693	303,212	2,501,235
Use of Money and Property	396	27,077	148	27,621
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	-	6,906	-	6,906
Miscellaneous	-	165,028	-	165,028
Total Revenues	22,726	2,789,563	303,360	3,115,649
Expenditures:				
General Government	633	39,616	3,313	43,562
Home and Community Services	17,012	2,379,301	168,583	2,564,896
Employee Benefits	2,097	187,659	-	189,756
Debt Service	-	127,302	184,938	312,240
Total Expenditures	19,742	2,733,878	356,834	3,110,454
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	2,984	55,685	(53,474)	5,195
Change in Fund Balances	2,984	55,685	(53,474)	5,195
Fund Balances - Beginning	50,681	6,873,248	(47,330)	6,876,599
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 53,665	\$ 6,928,933	\$ (100,804)	\$6,881,794

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS LIGHTING FUND DECEMBER 31, 2020

	nsolidated Lighting District	L	akeside ighting District	L	eetwood ighting District	Oran Li	est Side nge Lake ghting District	L	Colden Park ighting District	Total Lighting Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 177,202	\$	3,907	\$	5,795	\$	4,173	\$	7,199	\$ 198,276
Total Assets	\$ 177,202	\$	3,907	\$	5,795	\$	4,173	\$	7,199	\$ 198,276
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 15,898 15,898	\$	1,241 1,241	\$	267 267	\$	294 294	\$	513 513	\$ 18,213 18,213
Fund Balances: Fund Balance - Assigned Assigned for Fund Purposes	161,304		2,666		5,528		3,879		6,686	180,063
Total Fund Balances	161,304		2,666		5,528		3,879		6,686	180,063
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 177,202	\$	3,907	\$	5,795	\$	4,173	\$	7,199	\$ 198,276

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES LIGHTING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	1	nsolidated Lighting District	Ι	akeside Lighting District]	leetwood Lighting District	Ora L	est Side nge Lake ighting District	I	Colden Park .ighting District	I	Total Lighting Fund
Revenues:												
Real Property Taxes	\$	191,961	\$	13,368	\$	3,315	\$	3,664	\$	6,840	\$	219,148
Real Property Tax Items		35		-		-		-		-		35
Use of Money and Property		742		32		20		16		28		838
Total Revenues		192,738		13,400		3,335		3,680		6,868		220,021
Expenditures:												
Transportation		181,470		13,892		2,974		3,210		5,699		207,245
Total Expenditures		181,470		13,892		2,974		3,210		5,699		207,245
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures		11,268		(492)		361		470		1,169		12,776
Fund Balances - Beginning		150,036		3,158		5,167		3,409		5,517		167,287
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	161,304	\$	2,666	\$	5,528	\$	3,879	\$	6,686	\$	180,063

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS DECEMBER 31, 2020

, 	Date of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding Beginning of Fiscal Year		Issued During Fiscal Year		F	Paid During Fiscal Year		Outstanding End of Fiscal Year		Interest Paid During Fiscal Year		Interest Accrued at 12/31/2020		Due Within the Next Year	
INSTALLMENT PURCHASE DEBT																		
Police Vehicle	2019	2024	6.814%	\$	34,163	\$	-	\$	8,947	\$	25,216	\$	2,053	\$	-	\$	9,576	
Police Vehicle	2019	2024	6.814%		34,163		-		8,947		25,216		2,053		-		9,576	
Police Vehicle	2019	2024	6.814%		34,163		-		8,947		25,216		2,053		-		9,576	
Police Vehicle	2019	2024	6.814%		34,163		-		8,947		25,216		2,053		-		9,576	
Police Vehicle	2019	2024	8.509%		23,618		-		6,586		17,032		1,757		-		7,170	
					160,270		-		42,374		117,896		9,969		-		45,474	
SERIAL BONDS																		
Water - DAT Filtration	2008	2031	2.758%	\$	13,400,000	\$	-	\$	970,000	\$	12,430,000	\$	345,608	\$	57,137	\$	990,000	
Highway District - Greenshire Way	2009	2021	4.000%		50,000		-		26,000		24,000		2,435		160		24,000	
Sewer - Wintergreen Pump Station	2000	2020	4.312%		15,000		-		15,000		-		324		-		-	
General - Old Town Hall Improvements, Fleet Lift	2009	2024	4.000%		175,700		-		40,150		135,550		8,685		903		40,150	
Refunding Serial Bond-2002 Issue	2014	2022	2.000%		235,001		-		80,000		155,001		4,475		517		80,000	
Refunding Serial Bond-2005 Issue	2014	2020	2.000%		90,001		-		90,001		-		900		-		-	
Public Improvement SB - 2017	2017	2037	3.000%		5,280,000		-		275,000		5,005,000		135,975		68,819		290,000	
TOTAL SERIAL BONDS					19,245,702		-		1,496,151		17,749,551		498,402		127,536		1,424,150	
TOTAL INDEBTEDNESS				\$	19,405,972	\$	-	\$	1,538,525	\$	17,867,447	\$	508,371	\$	127,536	\$	1,469,624	

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of The Town Board Town of Newburgh 1496 Route 300 Newburgh, New York 12550

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Newburgh, New York as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Newburgh, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Newburgh, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newburgh, New York's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Newburgh, New York's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

rbtcpas.com

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340 Madison Avenue 19th Floor New York, NY 10173 T: (718) 772-0850 F: (718) 772-0851 Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Newburgh, New York's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RBT CPAS, LLP

Newburgh, New York June 30, 2021

TOWN OF NEWBURGH, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020

A. Internal Control Findings

None noted.

B. Compliance Findings

None noted.